

		1st Declension	2nd Declension	2nd Declension 'er'
		Girl (f)	Master (m)	Boy (m)
Singular	Nominative			
	Accusative			
	Genitive			
	Dative			
	Ablative			
Plural	Nominative			
	Accusative			
	Genitive			
	Dative			
	Ablative			

		1st Declension	2nd Declension	2nd Declension 'er'
		Girl (f)	Master (m)	Boy (m)
Singular	Nominative	puell- a	domin- us	puer
	Accusative	puell- am	domin- um	puer- um
	Genitive	puell- ae	domin- i	puer- i
	Dative	puell- ae	domin- o	puer- o
	Ablative	puell- a	domin- o	puer- o
Plural	Nominative	puell- ae	domin- i	puer- i
	Accusative	puell- as	domin- os	puer- os
	Genitive	puell- arum	domin- orum	puer- orum
	Dative	puell- is	domin- is	puer- is
	Ablative	puell- is	domin- is	puer- is

LO: to revise 2nd declension noun case endings

Friday 24th November 2023

A recap of the cases of nouns



- The **nominative** is used for: _____
- The **accusative** is used for: _____
- The **genitive** is used for: _____
- The **dative** is used for: _____
- The **ablative** is used for: _____

Pens down, hands up!



What is a declension? →

1st Declension

2nd Declension

Girl (f)

Master (m)

Singular

Nominative

puell-

domin-

Accusative

puell-

domin-

Genitive

puell-

domin-

Dative

puell-

domin-

Plural

Nominative

puell-

domin-

Accusative

puell-

domin-

Genitive

puell-

domin-

Dative

puell-

domin-

What does it mean to say a noun is singular/plural?

1st Declension

Girl (f)

2nd Declension

Master (m)


Singular

Nominative

puell-

domin-

Accusative

puell-

domin-

Genitive

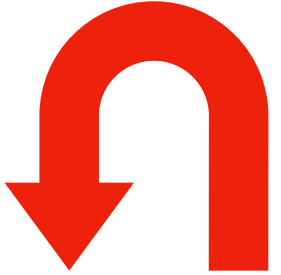
puell-

domin-

Dative

puell-

domin-


Plural

Nominative

puell-

domin-

Accusative

puell-

domin-

Genitive

puell-

domin-

Dative

puell-

domin-

Highlight the **nominative** in green, the **verb** in green stripes, the **accusative** in red and the **dative** in blue. (No genitives are used.) Then translate.

1. filius amico equum dat.

(4) ()

2. magister pueris libros dat.

(4) ()

3. puer magistro libros dat.

(4) ()

4. pueri magistris cibum dant.

(4) ()

5. deus puero equum dat.

_____ **(4)** ()

6. The boy carries the book for the man.

_____ **(5)** ()

7. The boys do not sing to the teacher.

_____ **(5)** ()

8. The man sings to the god.

_____ **(4)** ()

9. The men sing to the gods and the teacher.

(6) ()

10. The teacher gives the food to the men.

(5) ()

TOTAL (45) ()

9. The men sing to the gods and the teacher.

(6) ()

10. The teacher gives the food to the men.

(5) ()

TOTAL (45) ()

Give me an English example of...

A sentence with a dative noun

**A sentence with an accusative
noun**

A sentence with a genitive noun

**A sentence with a nominative
noun**

A sentence with an ablative noun