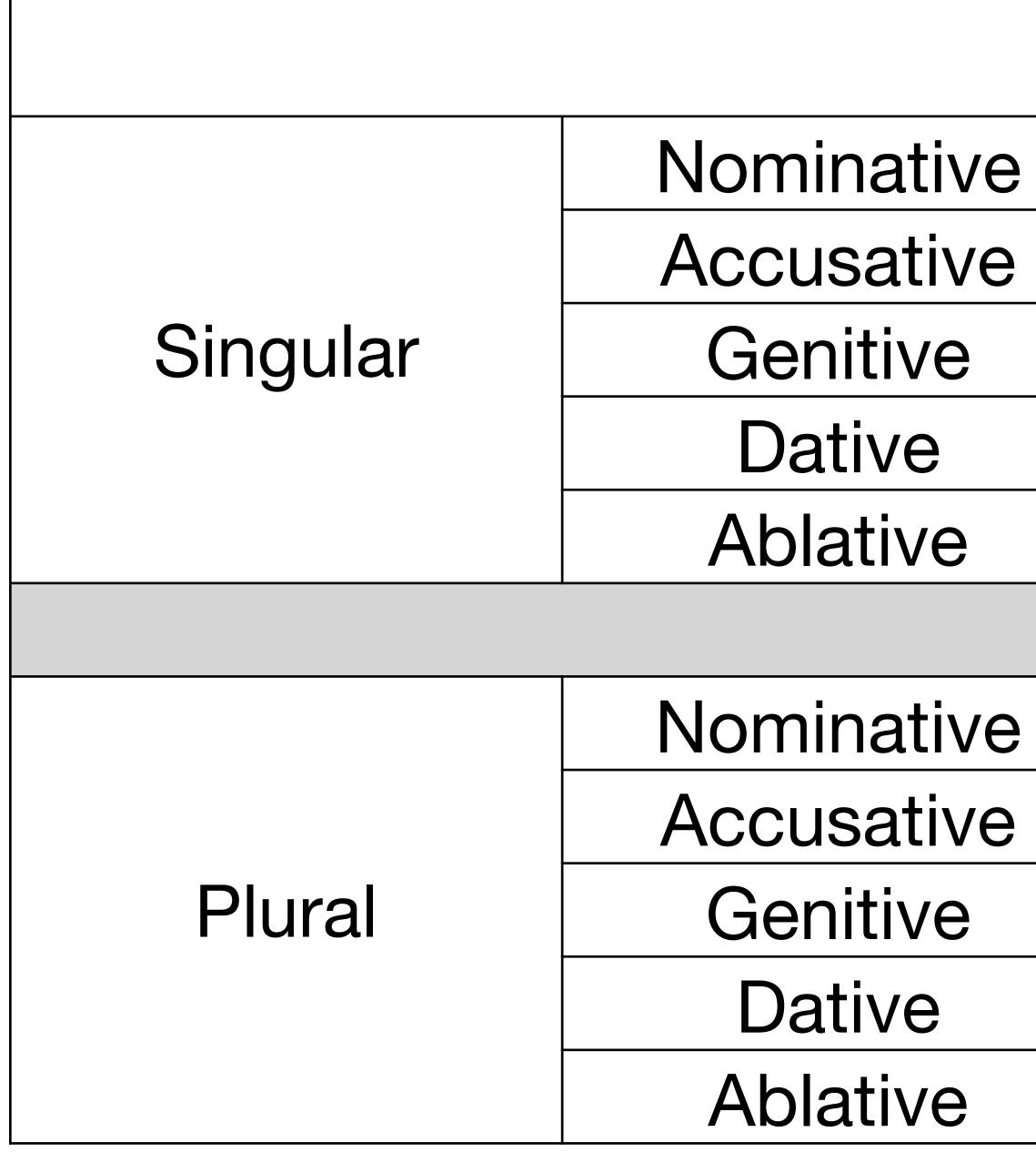


1st Declension	2nd Declension
Girl (f)	Master (m)



1st Declension	2nd Declension
Girl (f)	Master (m)
puell-a	domin-us
puell-am	domin-um
puell-ae	domin-i
puell-ae	domin-o
puell-a	

puell-ae	domin-i
puell-as	domin-os
puell-arum	domin-orum
puell-is	domin-is
puell-is	

Lesson 8:

How well do we know the noun case endings?

Year 9 Latin

Friday 13th October 2023



LO: to practise noun case endings

Friday 13th October 2023



Hands up!

- A recap of the cases of nouns
- The nominative is used for _____
- The accusative is used for
- The genitive is used for _____
- The dative case is used for

Which one have we missed?

Tell me about it!

- 1.6 Translate into English:
 - (a) dea vinum incolis dat.
 - (b) servus cibum domino parat.
 - (c) sagittas sociorum timemus.
 - (d) librum magistro legis.
 - (e) 'ancillas, domine, non terres!'



- (a) From sentence 1.6 (a) above give, i
 (i) a 1st declension noun
 (ii) a 2nd declension noun
- (b) domino in sentence 1.6 (b) above: in which case is this noun?
- (c) sagittas in sentence 1.6 (c) above: in which case is this noun?
- (d) legis in sentence 1.6 (d) above: what part of which verb is this?
- (e) terres in sentence 1.6 (e) above: give the Latin object of this verb.
- (f) In sentence 1.6 (e) above, we are told that you terrify the maid-servants ancillas terres. What change would be needed to terres if you were to write they terrify the maid-servants?

From sentence 1.6 (a) above give, in Latin, one example of each of the following:



Using the vocabulary given below, translate into Latin: (g) (i) You (sing.) fear the farmers. (ii) The masters free the slaves.

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I fear = timeo (2)
farmer = agricola, -ae, m.
master = dominus, -i, m.
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Total marks: 30

I free = libero (1)slave = servus, -i, m.

