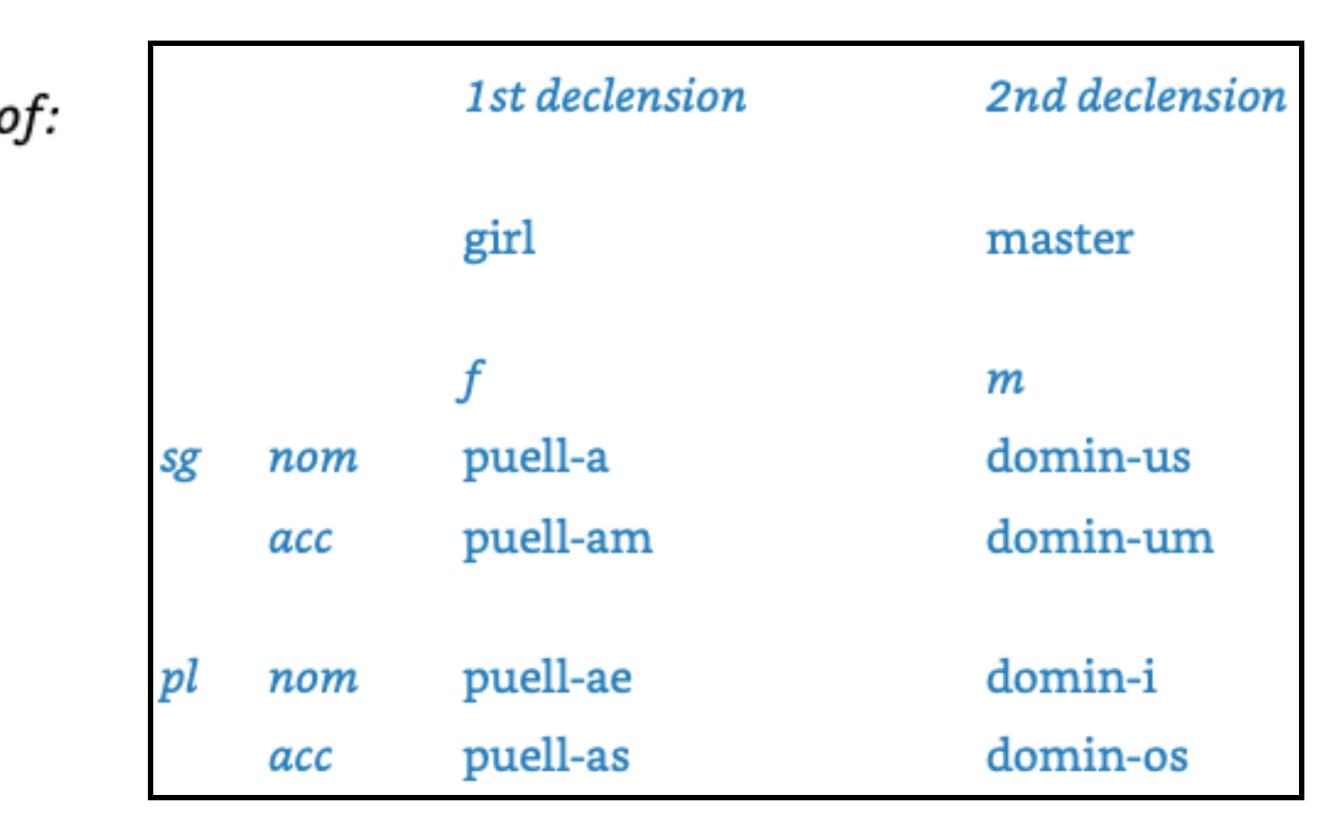
Latin KS3

Tuesday 25th October 2022



Identify the number (singular/plural) and case of:

- hortos
- insulae
- deam
- pecunia
- 5. equi
- deos
- villas
- 8. gladium
- amicos
- 10. Roma



Extension

Translate the nouns



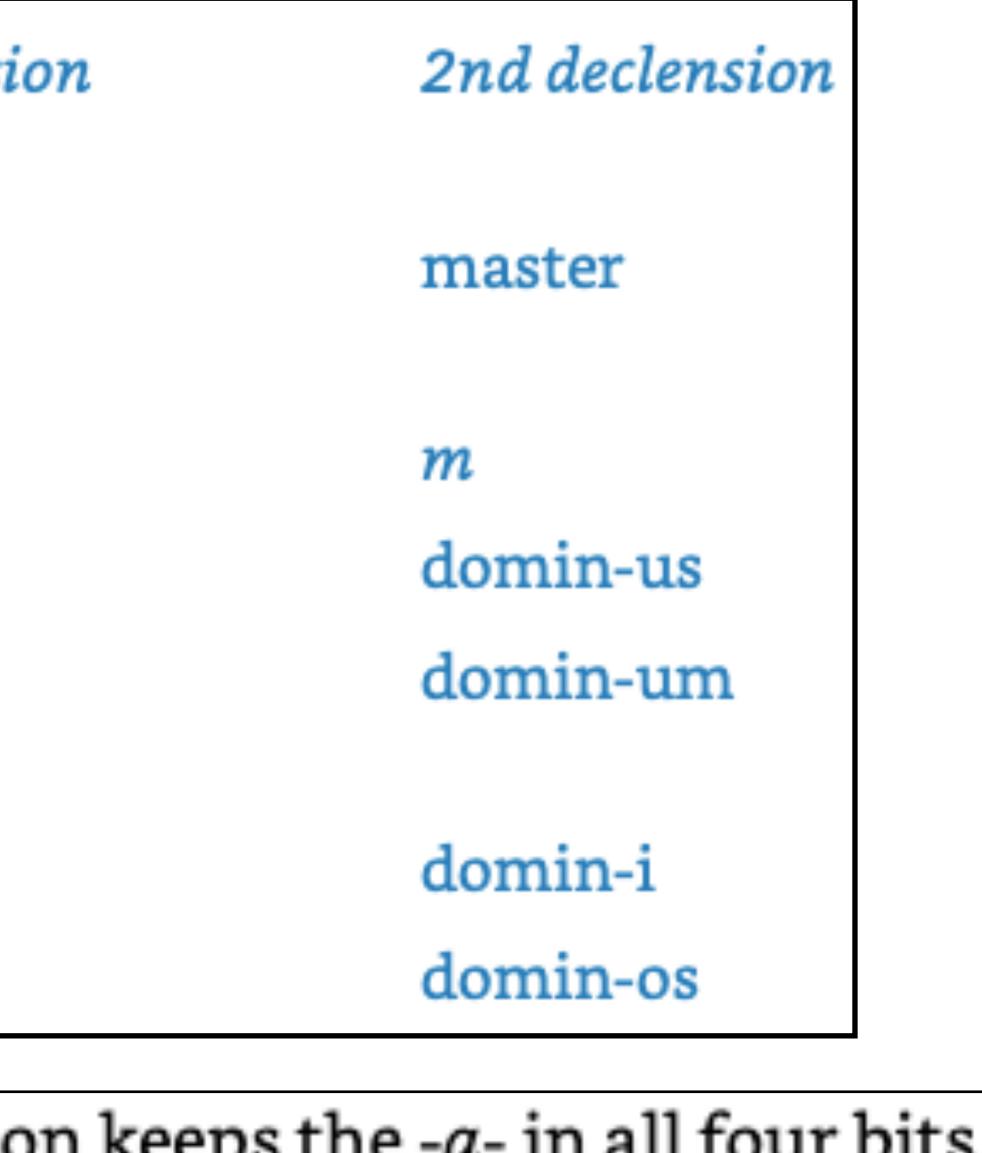


LO: to consolidate understanding of nominative and accusative singular and plural noun endings

Tuesday 25th October

		1st declensi	
		girl	
		\boldsymbol{f}	
sg	nom	puell-a	
	acc	puell-am	
-			
pl	nom	puell-ae	
	acc	puell-as	

- Note how the first declension keeps the -a- in all four bits.



Note how the accusative plural ends in -s in both declensions.

Exercise 1.16

Change from singular to plural or vice versa, keeping the same case. Then translate into English:

- equos
- femina
- dominos
- servus
- ancillam
- 6. dei
- deam
- puellas
- epistulae
- nuntium



Exercise 1.17

Give the Latin (paying attention to the number of each noun) for:

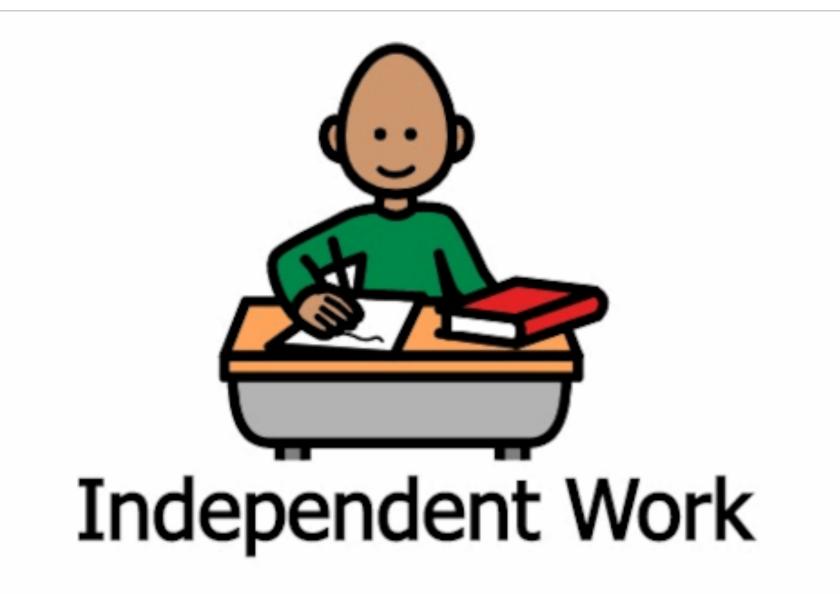
- house (acc)
- 2. slave-women (nom)
- letters (acc)
- 4. food (nom)
- 5. goddesses (nom)
- 6. islands (acc)
- 7. messenger (nom)
- 8. friends (nom)
- 9. women (acc)
- sword (acc)



Exercise 1.18

Translate into English:

- servi cibum parant.
- equi nuntios portant.
- amicos salutamus.
- dei Romam amant.
- laborant ancillae.
- dominos necamus.
- nuntii epistulas portant.
- servus gladios portat.
- puellae pugnant.
- hortos amatis.



Extension

Highlight the nominatives in green, the accusatives in yellow and <u>underline the verbs</u>



Home Task

Due: learn the noun endings table for a verbal quiz tomorrow

		1st declension	2nd declensi
		girl	master
		\boldsymbol{f}	m
sg	nom	puell-a	domin-us
	acc	puell-am	domin-um
pl	nom	puell-ae	domin-i
	acc	puell-as	domin-os

Note how the first declension keeps the -a- in all four bits. Note how the accusative plural ends in -s in both declensions.

