

Latin

KS3

Wednesday 9th November 2022

Starter: fill in the endings!

| | | <i>1st declension</i> | <i>2nd declension</i> |
|-----------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | | girl | master |
| | | <i>f</i> | <i>m</i> |
| <i>sg</i> | <i>nom</i> | puell- | domin- |
| | <i>acc</i> | puell- | domin- |
| <i>pl</i> | <i>nom</i> | puell- | domin- |
| | <i>acc</i> | puell- | domin- |

Nouns:

1st declension 2nd declension

girl

master

f

m

sg

nom

puell-a

domin-us

acc

puell-am

domin-um

pl

nom

puell-ae

domin-i

acc

puell-as

domin-os

Today

Wednesday 9th November

LO: to translate **noun cases, verb endings** and **prepositions** in complex sentences

GRAMMAR SUMMARY

Nouns:

1st declension 2nd declension

girl

master

f

m

sg

nom

puell-a

domin-us

acc

puell-am

domin-um

pl

nom

puell-ae

domin-i

acc

puell-as

domin-os

GRAMMAR SUMMARY

Verbs:

1st conjugation

carry

| | | | | | |
|-----------|---|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| <i>sg</i> | 1 | port-o | I carry | <i>or</i> | I am carrying |
| | 2 | port-as | you (<i>sg</i>) carry | | you (<i>sg</i>) are carrying |
| | 3 | port-at | he/she/it carries | | he/she/it is carrying |
| <i>pl</i> | 1 | port-amus | we carry | | we are carrying |
| | 2 | port-atis | you (<i>pl</i>) carry | | you (<i>pl</i>) are carrying |
| | 3 | port-ant | they carry | | they are carrying |

GRAMMAR SUMMARY

to be (*irregular*)

| | | | |
|-----------|---|-------|-----------------------|
| <i>sg</i> | 1 | sum | I am |
| | 2 | es | you (<i>sg</i>) are |
| | 3 | est | he/she/it is |
| <i>pl</i> | 1 | sumus | we are |
| | 2 | estis | you (<i>pl</i>) are |
| | 3 | sunt | they are |

GRAMMAR SUMMARY

Prepositions:

- precede nouns
- some take an accusative noun:
ad, circum, contra, in, per

REVISION CHECKPOINT

Make sure you know:

- the present tense of the verb *to be*
- how to translate prepositions that take the accusative case

Exercise 1.26

have a go

Translate into English. Unless a new subject is introduced, assume that the subject of the sentence is the same as the previous one:

1. ancillae sumus. semper laboramus. cibum paramus et epistulas portamus. dominum non amamus.
2. nuntius ad insulam navigat. epistulam portat. in villam ambulat. nuntium saluto. servos voco. servi cibum parant.
3. dominus servum non amat. servus contra dominum semper pugnat. dominus servum vocat. servus in villam ambulat. dominus servum necat.

Home Task

Due: Tuesday 15th November

Revise the grammar we have covered so far

**(see 'grammar summary' sheets from this
powerpoint on the website)**

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